

The Washington Times

Published Every Evening in the Year at
THE MUNSEY BUILDING,
Penn. Ave., between 15th and 16th sts.

New York Office.....115 Fifth Ave.
Chicago Office.....179 Commercial Bank Bldg.
Boston Office.....Journal Building
Philadelphia Office.....612 Chestnut St.
Baltimore Office.....News Building

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:
Daily (7 days a week), One Year, \$3.50.

FRANK A. MUNSEY

The Times is served in the city of Washington and District of Columbia by newsboys, who deliver and collect for the paper on their own account at the rate of 7 cents a week.

Entered at the postoffice at Washington, D. C., as second class matter.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 25, 1910.

Comparative NET Daily
Circulation of The Times
and The Star for March:
The Times.....48,197
The Star.....41,465

PHILOSOPHY OF SENATOR CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York has just celebrated his seventy-sixth birthday. He attended the annual dinner given by the Montauk Club of Brooklyn, in his honor, and gave an after-dinner speech that teems with entertaining philosophy. Whatever fault one may find with Senator Depew with respect to his views on public questions, it has to be admitted that he has acquired as an after-dinner speaker and as an orator. For a man of his years, he is rarely well preserved, and so the philosophy that has borne him along to an age far past the allotted span, is worth examination.

SSenator Depew on his seventy-sixth birthday was able reverently to thank God both "that I am alive and have lived," and to give thanks "for a long life, abounding in good things, in a capacity for enjoying everything, in reciprocal attachments and contributions with multitudes of men and women, in more than my share of health and of happiness."

Fifty-four years in public and semi-public life and upon the platform all over this country and in Europe for all sorts of objects in every department of human interest, as Senator Depew said, have given him a larger acquaintance than almost anybody living. In this connection he said:

The sum of observation and experience growing out of this opportunity is that, granted normal conditions, no hereditary troubles, and barring accidents and plagues, the average man, if he is not a severe communitist suicide. Mourning the loss of friends has led me to study the causes of their earlier death. It could invariably be traced to intemperance in the broadest sense of that word; intemperance in eating, in drinking, in the gratification of desires, in work, and in irregularity of hours, crowning it all with unnecessary worry.

It is not given to many men to have a prominent part in public affairs for a half century and more, as it has been given to Senator Depew, and still to be able to get up and make a brilliant after-dinner speech or to go out and talk to the voters in entertaining fashion, or to arise in the Senate and participate with capacity in the debates. All of us will do well to examine into the rule of living of a man that does these things. It is summed up in a few words: "Be temperate in all things and don't worry."

JAMES R. GARFIELD ON THE TARIFF QUESTION.

James R. Garfield, former Secretary of the Interior, in a speech in Des Moines several nights ago, declared the tariff fight had only begun. Speaking before one of the strongest Republican organizations of Iowa, a State where there is bitter war between the progressives and standpatters, Mr. Garfield took the side of the progressives. He asserted the nation is facing political conditions more dangerous than any since the civil war, brought about by the fact the wealth of the country has been growing at tremendous rate, and no adequate attempt has been made to control it, resulting in much evil in industrial life. Mr. Garfield said:

The fight in the approaching campaign involves the recognition of special interests and the interests of the public. The only great action of this Congress is in the tariff question, and if anyone thinks it is settled, he is mistaken. The party pledged tariff revision downward. The evidence is not all in, but it appears that the revision was not downward in the sense conveyed by the pledge.

Mr. Garfield's utterances are entitled to be given weight. He was not only a trusted member of the Roosevelt Cabinet, with a clean record, but as the head of the Bureau of Corporations for some years he acquired a familiarity with the industrial organization of the country such as few men have had the chance to obtain.

It is clear that Mr. Garfield is right in emphasizing the perplexing nature of political conditions. The problem of dealing with the great corporations and combinations of the country is one of the most serious the nation ever had to face. Congress thus far has sat almost helpless before it. The edges of the question this session have barely been touched, and probably will not be in this Congress. Meantime, political unrest grows apace. Far from removing the tariff question from politics, the action of the special session of Congress last summer has made it more acute than ever, as the late results in Massachusetts and New York elections indicate.

It is not to be expected the tariff issue will ever entirely subside, but

there is one way to remove it largely from partisanship and the domain of partisan agitation. That is to provide for a real tariff commission, on the lines proposed by Senator Beveridge. If the Senate and House leaders will awaken to this they will save their party much trouble.

TRENTON'S DEMAND OF A SEAT FOR EVERY FARE.

The city of Trenton, N. J., has decided to try out a provision requiring the street car company to give a seat for every fare. The passenger who is not provided with a seat is to be allowed to ride free. This ordinance was passed by the council some time ago, but certain defects had to be corrected, and it was not until Sunday that it went into effect.

This experiment in the operation of public utilities always attracts attention. For a long time the strap-hanger and the platform equilibrist have been sending up a wail, accompanied by earnest demands for reform. At the same time the thoughtful and conservative element of every community has been willing to concede that there are limitations of capacity and efficiency on the part of street railroad management with which the layman is not familiar.

The story comes out of Trenton that a movement is on foot, especially among the women, to watch for the crowded street cars and pile on board, rather than wait and pay for a seat. How whimsical or how serious this statement may be it is impossible to state. The whole proposition of requiring the street car company to carry passengers free when no seat is available opens up an interesting question which the transportation system will undoubtedly ask the courts to answer. The average man simply knows that during the rush hours it is usually impossible to get a seat—and then keep it without sacrificing his gallantry—and will welcome any regulation which will improve conditions.

Trenton is taking the issue seriously, and it is said the police will be in attendance to keep any passenger from being ejected for failure to pay his fare when he is not provided with a seat. In the circumstances, the outcome will be watched with interest everywhere. If Trenton solves the "rush-hour" problem, it will confer a benefit on mankind.

NOW THE PADISHA HAS THE MEASLES.

From the lackadaisical land where the cypress and myrtle symbolize the changing moods of the Oriental odyssey and the Young Turks establish constitutional government at the point of the sword the cables have brought many startling announcements within a twelvemonth, but none more harrowing than the news that the Sultan has the measles. He was imprisoned so long by his obdurate and suspicious brother, who is taking the rest cure not far from the little end of the Golden Horn, that he probably presents a case of arrested development. He was so busy contriving means of escape that he hadn't time to grow up until he became comparatively an old man.

Now, in the midst of cares of state, with reactionaries thirsting for his blood, and the Bulgarians littering up the backyard, he has got to run the gamut of childish maladies. We infer that he has passed through the teething period, for his brother gave him some hard nuts to crack, and he cracked them. He has had to nurse sore toes, for early in life he stumbled at the very foot of the throne. But whatever else he may have caught or evaded, he skipped the measles, and now he is all broken out. He must undergo the advice of those "benevolent tyrants," like Lady Sheepshanks, who tell him what he mustn't do if he expects to live and enjoy a clear complexion. And then when he gets through with the measles he will have to have a spell of the whooping-cough. Nauseous mullin instead of apricots will be his daily diet and the cool sherbets which temper the hot winds from glassy Bosphorus will be forbidden.

In the inmost recesses of his soul he probably wishes that he might have been a Peter Pan. It was not worth while to grow up if he had to reign like a man and have the measles like a child.

HOUSE REFUSES PROMOTION TO GENERAL SICKLES.

The House has refused to promote Maj. Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, retired, to the rank of lieutenant general. After a long debate, in which the members discussed in detail the achievements of General Sickles as a corps commander in the civil war, the measure for his promotion was voted down.

Something is to be said on both sides of the question of promoting General Sickles. In the debate, it was said, among other things, that he was the "real hero of the battle of Gettysburg," and that war experts the world over had testified. While this is open to argument, there can be no question of the valuable nature of the services of this volunteer officer in the great battle. On the other hand, it is pointed out that there are something like forty major generals, active and retired, in the United States army today, and to promote General Sickles would lead to a great clamor for other promotions. It can also be argued with force that the grade of lieutenant general ought to be reserved only for those officers who

have had the command of independent armies in the field.

It will make no difference to the fame of Sickles whether or not Congress promotes him. He did a great work at Gettysburg, and he will get lasting credit for it. That great Confederate commander, General Longstreet, one of the most effective fighters of the South, or that the country ever produced, whose command fought against Sickles' forces at Gettysburg, wrote a letter in 1902 to the one-legged Northern general, as follows:

I believe it is now conceded that the advanced position at the Peach Orchard taken by your corps and under your own saved the situation of the Union cause. It was the sorest and saddest reflection of my life for many years; but today I can say with sincerest emotion that it was and is the best that could have come to us all, North and South, and I hope that the nation, united, may always enjoy the honor and glory brought to it by that grand work.

Such a tribute as this from such a soldier as Longstreet is worth far more to Daniel E. Sickles than advanced pay or advanced rank.

Gov. Joseph W. Folk, of Missouri, is quoted as being a candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination. One by one, the party members show their desire to be leaders.

Perhaps the divorce colony in Reno refused to tell the census enumerator anything because of the fear that he would ask how many times all of them had been married.

While he was denouncing the "Democratic false gods," Senator Bailey might have deplored the great abundance of Democratic false prophets.

The news that Colonel Bryan has been elected a delegate to a church council may mean he is just keeping in training for something bigger.

Some of these young couples you see sitting on the benches in the parks make up, with the foliage, symphonies in green.

Paris had shooting scrapes mixed up with her elections, showing that American customs are growing in that city.

It's about time for the Ohio delegation to do a little less pleading and a little more legislating.

As it was a bad Sunday, there were fewer deaths than usual from automobile accidents.

It is apparent to the blindest that the census enumerators were appointed from Missouri.

Any man who complains about the weather these days ought not to be on the earth.

We have always with us the poor and the tariff.

Straws are budding.

BALANCE IS SMALL IN CANADA'S FAVOR

Ebb and Flow of Population
Shown By Report on
Immigration.

Morton E. Crane, secretary of the Joint Congressional Immigration Commission, announced today that the commission's report on Canadian immigration, which has already been sent to Congress, will be printed within a few days. Advanced sheets of the report show that during 1909 approximately 60,000 Americans emigrated to Canada. These came from the border States.

Immigration from Canada into the United States during the same year was approximately 55,000, so the balance in favor of Canadian population was not so large as has been supposed. Immigrants of both countries, according to information gathered by the Joint Congressional Immigration Commission, were of the best classes, being mostly farmers.

Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson, who has been taking great interest in the subject of immigration of American farmers, believes that something should be done to induce American farmers along the Canadian border to remain in the United States. This, however, does not seem possible, owing to the fact that on the American side there is no more government land which can be entered, while the liberal Canadian public land laws, and the virgin soil of Canada, offer alluring inducements to American agriculturists.

SINCLAIR TO JOIN SINGLE TAX COLONY

WILMINGTON, Del., April 25.—Upton Sinclair, author of "The Jungle," is coming to Delaware to make his home at the single tax colony of Arden, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, a few miles north of Wilmington.

The writer has been in communication with Frank Stevens, one of the trustees of the Single Tax settlement.

What's on the Program Tonight in Washington

District of Columbia Society, United States Daughters of 1812, Ebbitt House, 8 p. m.

Potomac Council, No. 43, Knights of Columbus, K. of C. Hall, 8 p. m.

Concert, "Crackerjacks," 8:15 p. m. Masonic Temple, Ninth and F streets, 8 p. m.

Address by the Rev. Giorgio Bartoli, of Italy, New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, 8 p. m.

Theaters.

National—"The Commuters," 8:15 p. m. Belasco—"Is Matrimony a Failure?" 8:30 p. m.

Columbia—Thurston, magician, 8:15 p. m. Chase's—Polite vaudeville, 8:15 p. m. Academy—"Pierre de la Plaine," 8:15 p. m.

Casino—Continuum vaudeville, 8:15 p. m. Lyceum—"Crackerjacks," 8:15 p. m.

Majestic—Motion pictures and vaudeville, 7 to 10:30 p. m. Arcade—Midway and other attractions.

(The Times will be pleased to announce meetings and entertainments in this column. Phone or write announcements.)

In the Mail Bag

The Times will accept for publication in its Mail Bag columns, short, vigorous letters on questions of public interest. It cannot undertake to publish letters exceeding 250 words, and reserves the right rigidly to condense communications which are of greater length. Letters should be written on one side of the paper only, and must contain the name and address of the writer, but these will not be published if request to that effect is made.

The Census Man.

To the Editor of The Washington Times: Please publish in the Mail Bag the following verses, which I have composed in honor of a character which we now have in our midst: Ladies, watch out for the Census men; You must tell them your age anon. And now they are forming a Light Brigade.

For the merry war is on. And now do the people wildly shout: "The census taker is coming! They come! The Census Taker is at our gates! From Missouri! he must have blown."

"Our peaceful home he invades again, With questions loaded down—How many feathers has yon white hen? Do you wear a director's gown?"

"And are you married, my pretty maid, If so, how much?" says he, "Where's your husband? Is he a good fellow? And within it have you a bee?"

"Were you once in the Annapolis Club? Is you wife a suffragette? Did the Secret Service find you out? Has the Uplift raised you yet?"

"Will you vote for Bryan in nineteen twelve? Do you even have a hairstorm? Do you suppose that Cook has gone? To a place that's good and warm?"

"Do you often go to the baseball game? When the days are hot and long? The chief knows well your excuse is lame. For your wife is well and strong."

And so like Tennyson's famous brook, The Census Man goes on Till his weary victims fade away, And speed him when he's gone.

A. E. K.

Capital Tales

Purcell's Maiden Speech.

SENATOR PURCELL of North Dakota has delivered a real "maiden" speech. Once before he rose and asked the question, yesterday he submitted a long and rambling bill. The bill was the railroad bill and his attitude was one of opposition to the Administration measure.

The Senate of the United States has not become so accustomed to speech-making that it no longer takes an interest in the maiden utterance of a new member. The body always considers that a new force is about to become evident and therefore listens with flattering attention to the first speeches of new Senators.

The North Dakota Senator, the same who was appointed, came to Washington, disdained the railroad bill, finding fault here, giving a little praise there, but on the whole contending that the measure was not exactly what the country wanted. After he had concluded Democrats and Republicans alike congratulated him.

For nearly an hour Senator Purcell dissected the railroad bill, finding fault here, giving a little praise there, but on the whole contending that the measure was not exactly what the country wanted. After he had concluded Democrats and Republicans alike congratulated him.

Senator "Cyclone" Smith

SENATOR SMITH of South Carolina has gained a sobriquet. He is called "Cyclone Smith." This is because of his cyclonic delivery in debate. He can speak faster than any man in the Senate.

His first real debate came yesterday when he attacked the Attorney General because of the "Cotton trust" probe. He can speak faster than any man in the Senate. He organized the cotton growers in the movement to hold the staple to better prices.

For nearly two hours the Senator spoke and ten relays of stenographers were necessary to catch his remarks. Not a note did he use. All the torrent of talk seemed to rise spontaneously and the debate was complete.

Without, Senator Smith spoke to good effect for a new Senator. He held the attention of more Republican Senators during his address than many of his older Democratic associates do when they rise to address the Senate. He did more. He baited Senator Aldrich because of the "Cotton trust" probe. He was from the South Carolina onslaught. That was how vigorously the attack was made.

SSenator Smith is not exactly of the fire eating type, but he borders closely on it. It is suggested that a little more poetic training will temper him somewhat and that he is therefore destined to become a forceful debater.

Kean Proxy Floor Leader.

AS an understudy in floor leadership, Senator John Kean of New Jersey is developing in a most promising manner.

The New Jerseyite is the right bower of Senator Hale, who is the real stage manager of the Senate. Of course, Senator Aldrich is the recognized leader of the majority party, but it is Senator Hale who sits hour by hour in the Senate, fingers his eyeglasses and keeps the wheels of legislative machinery going.

As a latter day floor leader, however, Senator Kean is the vigilant one. He sits on the front row in the chamber, and when Senator Hale happens to be out or away from Washington, the New Jersey statesman does the maneuvering.

This maneuvering generally consists of timely objections, the consideration of measures, of motions to pass bills over to another day, of parliamentary points of order and of motions to go into executive session. Senator Kean seldom makes a speech. There are many Senators who have never heard him make one. He has not got far enough along in floor leadership to make speeches, as does Senator Hale, but if the New Jersey Legislature returns the present Senator, he is apt to become an orator.

Mrs. Henry B. Brown Entertains At Luncheon in Honor of Niece

Wife of Former Justice Is Hostess for Mrs. Parker, of Detroit.

Miss Julia Thompson Is Guest of Miss Martha Bowers.

Mrs. Henry B. Brown, wife of former Justice Brown, of the United States Supreme Court, entertained at luncheon today in honor of her niece, Mrs. Arthur Parker, of Detroit. The guests were Mrs. Sherman, wife of the Vice President; Mrs. John McGowan, wife of Rear Admiral McGowan; Mrs. Thomas H. Anderson, wife of Witt Talmage; Mrs. Lyman Tiffany; Mrs. Frank W. Andrews, Mrs. J. William Henry, Mrs. William Kearney Carr, Mrs. L. T. Mann, Miss Temple, Miss Strong, Miss Davis, Miss Maury, and Miss Morgan.

Miss Julia Thompson, of Lake Forest, Ill., arrived in Washington this afternoon for a visit to Miss Martha Bowers, daughter of the Solicitor General and Mrs. Lloyd W. Bowers.

Mrs. E. M. Townsend, Jr., Guest at Swiss Legation.

Mrs. E. M. Townsend, Jr., of New York, is a guest of the Minister of Switzerland and Mme. Ritter at the legation on Hillier place.

Mrs. Nathaniel S. Staler entertained a small company informally at luncheon today at her residence on Massachusetts avenue.

Miss Katherine Jennings is the guest of Miss Miriam Crosby, at the latter's home at Warrenton.

Boxe: Sold For Charity Ball Game.

The baseball game which will be played at the National Baseball Park on Thursday afternoon, May 5, by the Metropolitan and Chevy Chase Clubs' teams for the benefit of the Providence Hospital is expected to attract a large and smart gathering.

Mrs. James F. Harbour, who is in charge of the sale of the boxes, has been as successful this year as in the three previous years that she has handled this work. The box holders include Mrs. Gardner F. Williams, Mrs. James McCallum, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, the Misses Riggs, Mrs. John A. Johnston, Mrs. Weeks, Mrs. George Howard, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Louis Lehr, Captain Humphrey, Mrs. Livingston Hunt, Mrs. John Hamm, Mrs. William Finley, Mrs. Emily Montgomery, the Misses Patten, Mrs. Charles L. McCawley, Mrs. Clara Moore, Mrs. William Henry, Mrs. Robert Roosevelt, Mrs. Miltenberger, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. John Sidney Webb, Mrs. James Mitchell, Mrs. Odell Hoffmann, Mrs. Alexander Britton, Mrs. Murray Cobb, and Mrs. T. De Witt Talmage.

A silver cup has been offered by the hospital to the winning team. Music will be furnished during the afternoon by the Marine Band.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Murphy will go to Europe early in June to spend the summer in Denmark, the guests of the Secretary of War, Mrs. Ballinger, wife of the Secretary of Interior; Mrs. Samuel Spencer, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and Miss Kean.

Mrs. Samuel Spencer will entertain the Colonial Dames at tea Wednesday afternoon.

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS—MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS

ARMY.

Captain JESSE M. BAKER, quartermaster, is relieved from duty in the Philippine Islands, to take effect at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed on leave to Manila to San Francisco.

Second Lieutenant EVERETT M. BALCOM, Coast Artillery Corps, will report in person to Major FREDERICK P. REYNOLDS, Medical Corps, president examining board at Ft. Monroe, Va., for re-examination to determine his fitness for promotion.

Leave of absence for four months, with permission to return to the United States via Europe, is granted Captain HENRY H. RUTHERFORD, Medical Corps, to take effect upon his relief from duty in the Philippine Division.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Corps of Engineers are ordered: Colonel FREDERIC V. ABROT is relieved from duty in the office of the Chief of Engineers, to take effect on or about May 23, 1910, and will then proceed to Boston, Mass., take station at that place, and relieve Lieutenant Colonel EDWARD BURR of the fortification and river and harbor district, to take effect upon his relief from duty, and properly connected therewith.

Lieutenant Colonel BURR upon being thus relieved will repair to this city, take station, and report in person to the Chief of Engineers for duty as assistant in his office.

Leave of absence for four months is granted First Lieutenant GEORGE C. MARSHALL, Jr., Twenty-fourth Infantry, to take effect upon his relief from duty at the Army Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., to take effect upon his relief from duty in the office of the Chief of Engineers, to take effect at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed at the

proper time to Pittsburgh, Pa., take station at that place, and report in person on or about May 19, 1910, to Lieutenant Colonel HENRY C. NEWCOMB, Corps of Engineers, for duty under his immediate orders.

The following named officers are detailed to enter the next class at the Army War College and will report in person to the present of the college in this city on the dates hereinafter specified for duty accordingly:

TO REPORT JUNE 15, 1910. Lieutenant Colonel CHARLES G. TREAT, Fourth Field Artillery.

Major AUGUSTUS P. BLOCKSON, Sixth Cavalry.

Major JACOB G. GALBRAITH, Fourth Cavalry.

Major GEORGE H. SANDS, Tenth Cavalry.

Major SAMSON L. FAISON, Twenty-fourth Infantry.

Major JAMES H. McRAE, Thirtieth Infantry.

Captain MARCUS D. CRONIN, Twenty-sixth Infantry.

Captain JAMES T. DEAN, Tenth Infantry.

Captain EDWIN V. BOOKMILLER, Ninth Infantry.

Captain JOHN H. WHOLLEY, Second Infantry.

Captain ORIN R. WOLFE, Twenty-second Infantry.

TO REPORT AUGUST 15, 1910. Captain GEORGE D. MOORE, 20th Infantry.

Captain JENS BUGGE, Twenty-eighth Infantry.

Captain HOWARD R. HICKOK, Fifteenth Cavalry.

Captain CAMPBELL KING, First Infantry.

Captain GEORGE V. H. MOSELEY, Fifth Cavalry.

Captain WILLIAM H. WALDRON, Twenty-third Infantry.

Captain WILLIAM P. PENCE, Coast Artillery Corps.

Social Events Planned For the Colonial Dames

Mrs. J. William Henry will be hostess at a tea tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in compliment to Mrs. William Reed, of Baltimore, president of the Maryland Society of Colonial Dames.

Mrs. Chaudin B. Northrop, of Lenox, Chevy Chase, has issued invitations for a tea tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock in honor of the South Carolina Colonial Dames.

Mrs. John D. Patten, Mrs. Spencer, and Mrs. Ricks will be hostesses at a tea in compliment to the Council of Colonial Dames at the Colonial Dames' club rooms on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. George Whitfield Brown has issued cards for a tea on Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock in compliment to the Secretary of War, Mrs. Ballinger, wife of the Secretary of Interior; Mrs. Samuel Spencer, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and Miss Kean.

The District of Columbia Society of Colonial Dames will hold a reception at Rauscher's on Wednesday evening in compliment to the Council of Colonial Dames.

The Council of Colonial Dames will be the honor guests at a reception at Rauscher's on Friday evening to the members of the Council of Colonial Dames.

Luncheon and tea will be served at the Arlington by the members of the Club of Colonial Dames in compliment to the Council of Colonial Dames until Saturday, inclusive.

Mrs. F. B. Moran has cards out for a reception Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock in honor of Mrs. Cox, president of the Council of Colonial Dames.

Receiving with Mrs. Moran on that occasion will be Mrs. Lorton, wife of Mr. Justice Lorton; Mrs. Dickinson, wife of the Secretary of War, Mrs. Ballinger, wife of the Secretary of Interior; Mrs. Samuel Spencer, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and Miss Kean.

Mrs. Samuel Spencer will entertain the Colonial Dames at tea Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrews Entertain at Luncheon

Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Andrews entertained a luncheon company of sixteen today in compliment to Lieut. and Mrs. Kenneth G. Castleman, U. S. N., of Newport.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Castleman are spending a few days in Washington, the guests of Lieut. Commander and Mrs. Orton P. Jackson, U. S. N., at the Connecticut. A number of festivities have been arranged in their honor.

Mrs. Benjamin Micon has returned to Washington, after an absence of several months.

Mrs. J. Sloat Fassett has returned to Washington from Boston, and joined Representative Fassett at their residence on N street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Phelps Eno will close their N street residence shortly and will sail from New York May 21, for an absence of several months in Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Murphy will go to Europe early in June to spend the summer in Denmark, the guests of the Secretary of War, Mrs. Ballinger, wife of the Secretary of Interior; Mrs. Samuel Spencer, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and Miss Kean.

Mrs. Samuel Spencer will entertain the Colonial Dames at tea Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Koenigsberg, of New York, who have been the guests of Mrs. Charles Kaufman, have returned to their home.

Mrs. Joseph E. Thropp will entertain at bridge Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. George Raff have taken possession of their new house at 125 K street, where they will be glad to see their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. William Warren Yenauvne announce the marriage of their daughter, Mildred Dorothy, to Joseph M. Herberg, of Sturbridge, Mass., the Rev. Dr. Frank, of New York, officiated. After a trip to Bermuda they will be at home at the Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 West Seventy-seventh street, New York City.

Mrs. A. Sigmund, of the Blenheim, entertained last evening at her home. After a program of vocal and instrumental music, the guests were entertained by the dining room was decorated with white flowers. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Sol Miner, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Steinberger, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney C. Kaufman, Mr. and Mrs. Sol Meyer, Mrs. M. E. Edgerly, Mrs. Kohner, and Mr. and Mrs. Simon Kani.

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